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**Amendments to the Claims:**

Please replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application with the following listing of claims.

**Listing of claims**

What is claimed is:

**Claim (previously presented):** A method of determining a phase offset between signaling channels in a communication system, comprising the steps of:

deriving a first set of channel estimates from symbols received through a first signaling channel;

deriving a second set of channel estimates from symbols received through a second signaling channel; and

determining an estimate of the phase offset based on a set of first and second antenna phase estimates derived from the first and second sets of channel estimates, respectively.

**Claim 2 (original):** The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second signaling channels are pilot channels.

**Claim 3 (previously presented):** The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second signaling channels are a common pilot channel (CPICH) and a dedicated physical channel (DPCH), respectively.

**Claim 4 (currently amended):** A method of determining a set of complex channel estimates for a transmission channel in a communication system, comprising the steps of:

deriving a first set of channel estimates from symbols received through a first signaling channel;

deriving a second set of channel estimates from symbols received through a second signaling channel;

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determining a phase offset value,  $\phi$ , between signaling channels in the communication system based on a set of first and second antenna phase estimates derived from the first and second sets of channel estimates, respectively; and

determining the set of complex channel estimates based on the phase offset value and the first set of channel estimates.

**Claim 5 (currently amended):** The method of claim 4, wherein the phase offset value  $\phi$  is determined by choosing  $\phi$  among a set of predetermined feasible choices of  $\phi$  that minimizes the following expression:

$$\min_{\phi \in \{\pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4\}} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(\hat{\alpha}_i - \hat{\beta}_i + \phi)^2}{\sigma_{ei}^2}$$

where:

$i \in [1, n]$  is a rake finger number of the receiver, and  
 $\hat{\alpha}_i$  and  $\hat{\beta}_i$  are the respective antenna phase estimates derived for rake finger  $i$  from the first and second sets of channel estimates, and

$\sigma_{ei}^2$  is related to the power of interference.

**Claim 6 (original):** The method of claim 5, wherein the complex channel estimate is determined by performing a linear combination of the first and second set of channel estimates.

**Claim 7 (currently amended):** A channel estimator adapted to operate with a receiver in a communication system and to determine a set of complex channel estimates for a transmission channel of the communication system, the channel estimator comprising:

means that derive a first set of channel estimates from symbols received through a first signaling channel;

means that derive a second set of channel estimates from symbols received through a second signaling channel;

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means that determine a phase offset value,  $\phi$ , between signaling channels in the communication system based on a set of first and second antenna phase estimates derived from the first and second sets of channel estimates, respectively; and

means that determine the set of complex channel estimates based on the phase offset value and the first set of channel estimates.

**Claim 8 (previously presented):** The channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the means that determine a phase offset value comprise:

means that de-rotate the symbols received through the first and second signaling channels;

means that filter the de-rotated symbols;

means that convert the filtered de-rotated symbols to polar representations;

means that calculate the phase offset value according to the polar representations.

**Claim 9 (currently amended):** The channel estimator of claim 8, wherein the phase offset value  $\phi$  is calculated by choosing  $\phi$  among a set of predetermined feasible choices of  $\phi$  that minimizes the following expression:

$$\phi \in \{\pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4\} \min \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(\hat{\alpha}_i - \hat{\beta}_i + \phi)^2}{\sigma_{ei}^2}$$

where:

$i \in [1, n]$  is a rake finger number of the receiver, and

$\hat{\alpha}_i$  and  $\hat{\beta}_i$  are the respective first and second antenna phase estimates derived for rake finger  $i$  from the first and second sets of channel estimates, and

$\sigma_{ei}^2$  is related to the power of interference.

**Claim 10 (original):** The channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the set of complex channel estimates is determined by performing a linear combination of the first and second set of channel estimates.

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Claim 11 (original): The channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the receiver is a RAKE receiver.

Claim 12 (original): The channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the receiver operates in a cellular communication system.

Claim 13 (original): The channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the first and second signaling channels are received by the receiver after transmission using transmit diversity.

Claim 14 (currently amended): User equipment for a communication system, the user equipment adapted to determine a set of complex channel estimates for a transmission channel of the communication system, the user equipment comprising:

means that derive a first set of channel estimates from symbols received through a first signaling channel;

means that derive a second set of channel estimates from symbols received through a second signaling channel;

means that determine a phase offset value,  $\phi$ , between signaling channels in the communication system based on a set of first and second antenna phase estimates derived from the first and second sets of channel estimates, respectively; and

means that determine the set of complex channel estimates based on the phase offset value and the first set of channel estimates.

Claim 15 (previously presented): The user equipment of claim 14, wherein the means that determine a phase offset value comprise:

means that de-rotate the symbols received through the first and second signaling channels;

means that filter the de-rotated symbols;

means that convert the filtered de-rotated symbols to polar representations;

means that calculate the phase offset value according to the polar representations.

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Claim 16 (currently amended): The user equipment of claim 14, wherein the phase offset value  $\phi$  is calculated by choosing  $\phi$  among a set of predetermined feasible choices of  $\phi$  that minimizes the following expression:

$$\phi \in \{\pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4\} \min_{i=1}^n \frac{(\hat{\alpha}_i - \hat{\beta}_i + \phi)^2}{\sigma_{ei}^2}$$

where:

$i \in [1, n]$  is a rake finger number of the receiver, and  
 $\hat{\alpha}_i$  and  $\hat{\beta}_i$  are the respective first and second antenna phase estimates derived for rake finger  $i$  from the first and second sets of channel estimates, and  
 $\sigma_{ei}^2$  is related to the power of interference.

Claim 17 (original): The user equipment of claim 14, wherein the set of complex channel estimates is determined by performing a linear combination of the first and second set of channel estimates.

Claim 18 (previously presented): The method of claim 4, wherein the first and second signaling channels are a common pilot channel (CPICH) and a dedicated physical channel (DPCH), respectively.

Claim 19 (currently amended): The method channel estimator of claim 7, wherein the first and second signaling channels are a common pilot channel (CPICH) and a dedicated physical channel (DPCH), respectively.

Claim 20 (currently amended): The method user equipment of claim 14, wherein the first and second signaling channels are a common pilot channel (CPICH) and a dedicated physical channel (DPCH), respectively.

Claim 21 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the estimate of the phase offset is determined by choosing a phase offset value,  $\phi$ , among a set of predetermined feasible choices of  $\phi$  that minimizes the following expression:

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$$\varphi \in \{\pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4\} \min_{i=1}^n \frac{(\hat{\alpha}_i - \hat{\beta}_i + \varphi)^2}{\sigma_{ei}^2}$$

where:

$i \in [1, n]$  is a rake finger number of the receiver, and

$\hat{\alpha}_i$  and  $\hat{\beta}_i$  are the respective first and second antenna phase estimates derived for rake finger  $i$  from the first and second sets of channel estimates, and

$\sigma_{ei}^2$  is related to the power of interference.